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or suspending or terminating collection action. A claim may not be subdivided to avoid the monetary limitation established by 31 U.S.C. 3711(a)(2) and §1018.5 of this part.

Subpart B—Administrative Collection of Claims

§1018.20 Written demand for payment.

- (a) The Board shall make appropriate written demand upon the debtor for payment of money in terms which specify:
- (1) The basis for the indebtedness and the right of the debtor to request review within the Board;
 - (2) The amount claimed;
- (3) The date by which payment is to be made, which normally should not be more than 30 days from the date that the initial demand letter statement was mailed, unless otherwise specified by contractual agreement, established by Federal statute or regulation, or agreed to under a payment agreement;
- (4) The applicable standards for assessing interest, penalties, and administrative costs (4 CFR 102.13 and 49 CFR 1018.30); and
- (5) The applicable policy for reporting the delinquent debt to consumer reporting agencies.
- (b) The Board normally shall send three progressively stronger written demands at not more than 30-day intervals, unless circumstances indicate that alternative remedies better protect the Government's interest, that the debtor has explicitly refused to pay, or that sending a further demand is futile. Depending upon the circumstances of the particular case, the second and third demands may:
- (1) Offer or seek to confer with the debtor:
- (2) State the amount of the interest and penalties that will be added on a daily basis, as well as the administrative costs that will be added to the debt until the debt is paid; and
- (3) State that the authorized collection procedures include any procedure authorized in this part including:
- (i) Contacts with the debtor's employer when the debtor is employed by the Federal Government or is a member of the military establishment or the Coast Guard:

- (ii) Possible referral of the debt to a private agency for collection;
- (iii) Possible reporting of the delinquent debt to consumer reporting agencies in accordance with the guidelines and standards contained in 4 CFR 102.5 and the Board's procedures set forth in \$1018.23 of this part:
- (iv) The suspension or revocation of a license or other remedy under §1018.25 of this part;
- (v) Installment payments possibly requiring security; and
- (vi) The right to refer claims to GAO or DOJ for litigation.
- (c) The failure to state in a letter of demand a matter described in §1018.20 is not a defense for a debtor and does not prevent the Board from proceeding with respect to that matter.

[58 FR 7749, Feb. 9, 1993; 58 FR 11099, Feb. 23, 1993]

§1018.21 Telephone inquiries and investigations.

- (a) If a debtor has not responded to one or more written demands, the Board shall make reasonable efforts by telephone to determine the debtor's intentions. If the debtor cannot be reached by telephone at the debtor's place of employment, the Board may telephone the debtor at his or her residence between 8 a.m. and 9 p.m.
- (b) The Board may undertake an investigation to locate a debtor, if the whereabouts of a debtor is a problem, or if a debtor cannot be contacted by telephone. The Board may also send a representative to a debtor's place of employment if the debtor cannot be contacted by phone or the debtor does not respond to written demands by the Board for payment of claims.
- (c) The Board under 15 U.S.C. 1681(f) may obtain consumer credit information from private firms, including name, address, former address, place of employment, and former place of employment of a debtor.

§1018.22 Personal interviews.

- (a) The Board may seek an interview with the debtor at the offices of the Board when:
- (1) A matter involved in the claim needs clarification;
- (2) Information is needed concerning the debtor's circumstances; or

- (3) An agreement of payment might be negotiated.
- (b) The Board shall grant an interview with a debtor upon the debtor's request. The Board will not reimburse a debtor's interview expenses.

§1018.23 Use of consumer reporting agencies.

- (a) In addition to assessing interest, penalties, and administrative costs under §1018.30 of this part, the Board may report a debt that has been delinquent for 90 days to a consumer reporting agency, if all the conditions of this paragraph are met.
 - (1) The debtor has not:
- (i) Paid or agreed to pay the debt under a written payment plan that has been signed by the debtor and agreed to by the Board; or
- (ii) Filed for review of the debt under \$1018.23(a)(2)(iv) of this section.
- (2) The Board has included a notification in the third written demand (see §1018.20(b)) to the debtor stating:
- (i) That the account has been reviewed and payment of the debt is delinquent;
- (ii) That, within not less than 60 days after the date of notification, the Board intends to disclose to a consumer reporting agency that the individual is responsible for the debt;
- (iii) The specific information to be disclosed to the consumer reporting agency; and
- (iv) That the debtor has the right to a complete explanation of the debt (if that has not already been given), to dispute information on Board records about the debt, and to request reconsideration of the debt by administrative appeal or review of the debt.
- (3) The Board has sent at least one written demand by either registered or certified mail with the notification described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (4) The Board has reconsidered its initial decision on the debt when the debtor has requested a review under \$1018.23(a)(2)(iv).
- (5) The Board has taken reasonable action to locate a debtor for whom the Board does not have a current address to send the notifications provided for in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

- (b) If there is a substantial change in the condition or amount of the debt, the Board shall:
- (1) Promptly disclose that fact(s) to each consumer reporting agency to which the original disclosure was made;
- (2) Promptly verify or correct information about the debt, on request of a consumer reporting agency for verification of any or all information so disclosed by the Board; and
- (3) Obtain satisfactory assurances from each consumer reporting agency that they are complying with all applicable Federal, state, and local laws relating to its use of consumer credit information.
- (c) The information the Board discloses to the consumer reporting agency is limited to:
- (1) Information necessary to establish the identity of the individual debtor, including name, address, and taxpayer identification number;
- (2) The amount, status, and history of the debt; and
- (3) The Board activity under which the claim arose.

§1018.24 Contact with the debtor's employing agency.

If a debtor is employed by the Federal government or is a member of the military establishment or the Coast Guard, and collection by offset cannot be accomplished in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 5514, the Board shall contact the employing agency to arrange with the debtor for payment of the indebtedness by allotment or otherwise.

§1018.25 Sanctions.

(a) Closure of accounts. If a tariff filing fee or insurance filing fee account is past due more than 90 days, the Board will freeze the account until the account is made current. The Board will notify the account holder that the account has been frozen and that until the account balance including any applicable interest, penalties, and administrative costs are paid, all future filings, must be accompanied by a certified or cashier's check or a money order. The Board reserves the right to refuse to maintain an account which is repeatedly delinquent.